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PROGRAM & SUBMISSION	MEASUREMENT INFORMATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
<b>Electronic Clinical Quality Measures</b>	The eCQMs are tools that help measure	Health care providers are required to
eCQM's	and track the quality of healthcare	electronically report eCQMs, which use
	services provided by eligible hospitals and	data from EHRs and/or health
Annual Submission	CAHs within our healthcare system.	information technology systems to
Start of New Calendar Year	These measures use data reported from	measure health care quality. To report
He mitel Onelite Denerting sie HADD	electronic health records that are	eCQMs successfully, health care providers
Hospital Quality Reporting via HARP	associated with healthcare providers'	must adhere to the requirements identified by the CMS quality program.
· ·	ability to deliver high-quality care or	identified by the CMS quality program.
↓ ↓	relate to long-term goals for quality healthcare. eCQMs help ensure that our	To successfully participate in the
Data Submissions	healthcare system is delivering effective,	Medicare and Medicaid Promoting
Data Subilissions	safe, efficient, patient-centered, equitable,	Interoperability Programs, CMS requires
↓	and timely care.	EPs, eligible hospitals, CAHs, and dual-
$\mathbf{v}$	and thirdly cure.	eligible hospitals to report on eCQMs.
eCQM	Must report on 3 self-selected measures +	These eCQMs are determined by CMS
ecqm	opioid use:	and require the use of certified electronic
↓	1	health record technology (CEHRT)
•	1. Anticoagulation therapy for a-fib	
File Upload	2. Antithrombotic therapy	
The optour	3. D/C on antithrombotic therapy	
↓	4. D/C on statin	
·	5. Exclusive breast feeding	
Production	6. ICU venous thromboembolism	
	7. Median admit decision time to ED	
$\downarrow$	departure time for admitted	
Select File	patients	
	8. Safe use of opioids (required)	
$\downarrow$	<ol> <li>Venous thromboembolism prophylaxis</li> </ol>	
	ριοριιγιαχιδ	
The file must be a QRDA* (xml zip) file		
from the U of I		
Pick 3 self-selected measures (out of the 9 available) + the required safe use of opioid meaure	*QRDA =	
Each measure must be > 5 patients	Quality Reporting Document Architecture	
Pick 3 self-selected quarters		

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Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting Program Combination of Reporting Via The Below ↓ NHSN Site ↓ Chart Abstraction (quarterly) ↓ Patient Survey ↓ HARP	Nat'l Healthcare Safety Network Measure Influenza Vaccination Healthcare (via NHSN) COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage (via NHSN) Chart-Abstracted Clinical Process of Care PC-01 Elective Delivery (via chart abstraction) Sepsis & Shock: Bundle (via chart abstraction) EHR-Based Clinical Process of Care eCQM's (via QRDA file - see above) Patient Experience of Care Survey HCAHPS (patient survey) Structural Measure Maternal Morbidity (web-based via HARP) Claims-Based Patient Safety Death Rate Among Surgical Inpatients with Serious Treatable Complications (claims) Claims-Based Mortality Outcome Hospital 30-Day, All-Cause Mortality Rate Following Acute Ischemic Stroke (claims)	The Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting Program was originally mandated by Section 501(b) of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act (MMA) of 2003. This section authorized CMS to pay hospitals that successfully report designated quality measures a higher annual update to their payment rates. Initially, the MMA provided for a 0.4 percentage point reduction in the annual market basket update for hospitals that did not successfully report. The Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 increased that reduction to 2.0 percentage points. This was modified by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and the Affordable Care Act of 2010, which provided that beginning in fiscal year (FY) 2015, the reduction would be by one- quarter of such applicable annual payment rate update if all Hospital
•	Death Rate Among Surgical Inpatients with	by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and the
-	Serious Treatable Complications (claims) Claims-Based Mortality Outcome	Affordable Care Act of 2010, which provided that beginning in fiscal year (FY)
HARP	Following Acute Ischemic Stroke (claims) Claims-Based Coordination of Care	quarter of such applicable annual payment rate update if all Hospital
↓ Claims	Unplanned Readmission Measure (claims) AMI Excess Days in Acute Care (claims) HF Excess Days in Acute Care (claims) PN Excess Days in Acute Care (claims)	Inpatient Quality Reporting Program requirements are not met
	<b>Claims-Based Payment</b> 30-Day Episode-of-Care for AMI (claims)	
	30-Day Episode-of-Care for HF (claims) 30-Day Episode-of-Care for PN (claims) Episode-of-Care for Primary Elective THA and/or TKA (claims) (total hip/knee)	

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Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting Program	<ul> <li>OP-2: Fibrinolytic Therapy Received Within 30 Minutes of ED Arrival (n/a)</li> <li>OP-3: Median Time to Transfer to Another Facility for Acute Coronary Intervention</li> <li>OP-8: MRI Lumbar Spine for Low Back Pain (n/a)</li> <li>OP-10: Abdomen CT—Use of Contrast</li> <li>OP-13: Cardiac Imaging for Preoperative Risk Assessment for Non-Cardiac, Low-Risk Surgery (n/a)</li> <li>OP-39 Breast Cancer Screening Recall Rates</li> <li>OP-18: Median Time from ED Arrival to ED Departure for Discharged ED Patients</li> <li>OP-22: Left Without Being Seen</li> <li>OP-23: Head CT or MRI Scan Results for Acute Ischemic Stroke or Hemorrhagic Stroke who Received Head CT or MRI Scan Interpretation Within 45 minutes of ED Arrival</li> </ul>	The Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting Program (Hospital OQR) is a pay for quality data reporting program implemented by CMS for outpatient hospital services. The program was mandated by the Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006, which requires subsection (d) hospitals to submit data on measures on the quality of care furnished by hospitals in outpatient settings. Measures of quality may be of various types, including those of process, structure, outcome, and efficiency. Under the Hospital OQR Program, hospitals must meet administrative, data collection and submission, validation, and publication requirements, or receive a <b>2 percentage</b> <b>point reduction in payment</b> for failing to meet these requirements, by applying a reporting factor of 0.980 to the Outpatient
	<ul> <li>OP-29: Appropriate Follow-Up Interval for Normal Colonoscopy in Average Risk Patients (not yet reporting)</li> <li>OP-31: Cataracts: Improvement in Patient's Visual Function within 90 Days Following Cataract Surgery (voluntary)*</li> <li>OP-32: Facility 7-Day Risk-Standardized Hospital Visit Rate after Outpatient Colonoscopy</li> <li>OP-35: Admissions and Emergency Department (ED) Visits for Patients Receiving Outpatient Chemotherapy</li> <li>OP-36: Hospital Visits after Hospital Outpatient Surgery</li> </ul>	Prospective Payment System (OPPS) payments and copayments for all applicable services. In addition to providing hospitals with a financial incentive to report their quality of care measure data, the Hospital OQR Program provides CMS with data to help Medicare beneficiaries make more informed decisions about their healthcare. Hospital quality of care information gathered through the Hospital OQR Program is available on the <u>Care Compare</u> <u>on the Medicare website</u> .

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#### **PROGRAM & SUBMISSION MEASUREMENT INFORMATION ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** The SAFER guides consist of nine guides **SAFER GUIDES** August 2021: The SAFER Guides, a set of Safety Assurance Factors for EHR Resilience organized into three broad groups: checklist-based self-assessment tools to improve safety of how EHRs are used, \*NEW CMS REQUIREMENT\* 1. Foundational Guides have seen limited uptake so far, but a CY 2022 Requirement **High Priority Practices** recently released final rule from CMS Organizational Responsibilities makes attestation to having completed an 2. Infrastructure Guides annual assessment of all nine guides in Contingency Planning the SAFER Guides measure a System Configuration requirement under the Protect Patient System Interfaces Health Information objective. The 3. Clinical Process Guides (SAFER) Guides were released in 2014 to Patient Identification **Computerized Provider Order Entry** help health systems conduct proactive Test Results Reporting and Follow-Up risk assessment of electronic health **Clinical Commuication** record (EHR)- safety related policies, processes, procedures, and They were designed by Health IT safety configurations. A 2018 study published in researchers and informatics experts to the Journal of the American Medical help healthcare organizations conduct *Informatics Association*, found that self-assessments to optimize the safety health systems were not fully and safe use of EHR's. implementing the guides. \*ONC =Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology

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Quality Payment Program (QPP)	Performance category weights for APM:	What is a good MIPS score for 2021?
Quanty I dyment I Togram (QI I )	renormance category weights for the M.	If you are an EC, MIPS performance in 2021
Annual Submission but	• Quality: 50%	will determine your MIPS payment
review QPP once a quarter	• Cost: 0%	adjustment in 2023. Therefore, in 2021, you
review gri once a quarter		must achieve <b>at least 60 points</b> through
.1.	• PI: 30%	your performance in the four MIPS
¥	Improvement Activities: 20%	performance categories to avoid a negative
Loginto ODD CMC Corr		payment adjustment in 2023.
Log into QPP.CMS.Gov	Receive <b>full score for improvement</b>	
	<b>activities</b> for being in an ACO.	What is MIPS eligibility?
↓		In order to be MIPS eligible as an individual
	MIP and MIPS APM are different:	clinician, you must: Be identified as a MIPS
Report as a Group	MIPS APM is a reporting ACO	eligible clinician type on Medicare Part B
APP – APM Performance Pathway	We are a reporting ACO	claims, have enrolled as a Medicare
MIPS APM (Alternative Payment Model)		provider before 2022, Not be a Qualifying
		Alternative Payment Model Participant
$\checkmark$		(QP), and exceed the low-volume threshold
Edit Submission Unload File		as an individual.
Edit Submission – Upload File		
QRDA III from Katie Tunning (U of I) Report entire Calendar Year		MIPS eligible clinicians within an APM are
EHRT ID (get from Mary every year)		required to report to MIPS. Clinicians participating in a MIPS APM have the APP
ERKT ID (get from Mary every year)		as one option for reporting to MIPS. If they
		do not wish to report through the APP, then
$\checkmark$		they are required to report under traditional
		MIPS.
Take #'s of MIPS manager by Tin	*0004	
except the Lab. PH data on PI	*QRDA =	Clinicians have two tracks to choose from in
dashboard or MUEH summary	Quality Reporting Document Architecture *MUEH =	the QPP based on their practice size,
	Meaningful Use Eligible Hospital	specialty, location, or patient population:
↓ ↓	*MIPS	MIPS (MIPS) or AAP Models
	Merit-based incentive payment system	
Send payment adjustment >	*APM	
performance feedback > data	Alternative Payment Model	*EC = Eligible Clinician
download to CFO + Revenue Manager	*APP	
	APM Performance Pathway	

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Iowa Healthcare Collaborative IHC = Compass Monthly Submission ↓ Log into Compass Data Portal ↓ Monthly Submission ↓ Facility: Monthly Data ↓ Open IHC Month on the 5 <sup>th</sup> of q month	Data Submission Measures: High-dose opioid prescribing Adverse Drug Events INR > 5 Stat Narcan (Inpat & ED) Blood Glucose < 50 Post-hospital f/u appointment Unnecessary urinary catheter Hand hygiene compliance Pressure ulcer risk assessment 3 hour sepsis bundle Falls with and without injury Fall assessment on admission Falls with injury VTE prophylaxis All ED transfer composite • Home Meds • Allergies and/or reactions • Medication in ER • ED provider note	Department managers enter their department specific information Some measures are also claims based Report: Run Charts – Monitor data submissions and results This data is entered into the compass portable by MMC Staff: Pharmacy (Nancy Gau) OB (Michele Monson) Infection Prevention (Cathy Buman) ER (Received from Jenny Lefeber; entered by Laura Freund) Med/Surg (Christie Matthies)
Facility: Monthly Data ↓	<ul> <li>VTE prophylaxis</li> <li>All ED transfer composite</li> <li>Home Meds</li> <li>Allergies and/or reactions</li> <li>Medication in ER</li> </ul>	Med/Surg (Christie Matthies)
Data Submission Deadline is 45 days following end of month i.e. January is due March 15 Work plan (annual) and HEOA (quarterly)	<ul> <li>Reason for transfer</li> <li>Tests and/or procedure performed</li> <li>Test and/or procedure results</li> <li>Early Elective Deliver</li> <li>Antimicrobial days of therapy</li> </ul>	

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Accountable Care Organization	Measures:	MedLink Advantage
ACO		6
	CMS 2 Depression Screen and F/U plan	Nancy Scroggs
<b>Monitor &amp; Record Monthly</b>	CMS 122 Hgb A1c	888.600.9263 ext 104
For Operating Committee	CMS 125 Breast CA Screening	
Email to Providers Quarterly	CMS 130 Colorectal CA Screening	Amy Dias:
	CMS 138.3 Tobacco Screening	888.600.9263 ext 103
$\checkmark$	CMS 139 Fall Screening	
	CMS 147 Influenza Immunization	
IN EPIC	CMS 165 Controlling Hypertension	
<b>MIPS Manager by TIN</b>	Problem List/Med List/Allergies	
(or)	Print AVS or MyChart SignUp	
_	Annual Well Visit	
$\checkmark$		
My Reports		
$\checkmark$		
MMC MIPS Eligible Clinician RHC		
MINIC MIT 5 Engible Chincian KITC		
$\checkmark$		
<b>↓</b>		
Click to RUN		
Filter to 15 RHC providers		
Export		
-		
$\checkmark$		
<b>Enter on RHC ACO</b>	*MIPS =	
Excel Spreadsheet	Mirs = Merit-based Incentive Payment System	
U Drive All Use	*TIN =	
	Tax Identification Number	

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Electronic Initial Case Reporting	What is Electronic Case Reporting	Electronic initial case reporting (eICR) is
(eICR)	(eCR)? The automated generation	a new Meaningful Use objective that
	and transmission of case reports	began in 2018. The state of Iowa uses the
Annual Submission	from electronic health records to	HL7 electronic initial case report (eICR)
by February 28th	public health agencies for review	standards (R1.1 and R3) for electronic
	and action.	case reporting (eCR) and to support the
$\checkmark$		new CMS Promoting Interoperability
	Much of the capability for electronic	regulations for eCR. It is these standards
https://idph.iowa.gov/cade/idss	initial case reporting (eICR) depends on	that will used to eventually eliminate
	the EHR system.	manual reporting requirements. Also
$\checkmark$		require the use of APHL (Association of
	Can your EHR system: 1. flag a record	Public Laboratories) AIMS (APHL
<b>On-line registration for eICR</b>	that meets specific criteria 2. generate an	Informatics Messaging Services) and the
0	HL7 CDA message 3. attach the HL7 CDA	Reportable Condition Knowledge
	message to a Direct Secure Messaging e-	Management System (RCKMS) to ensure
	mail, and 4. send the e-mail automatically	appropriate reporting.
	(without manual intervention)?	
	Does your EHR system have a way to	
	consume 'Trigger Yes Codes' (LOINC,	
	SNOMED, ICD-10 codes) downloaded	
	from an external source which are used to	
	define the specific reporting criteria?	
	Is there a mechanism in your EHR to	
	check for Yes 'Trigger Code' updates on a	
	periodic schedule (monthly, quarterly,	
	semi-annually)?	

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<b>PROGRAM &amp; SUBMISSION</b>	MEASUREMENT INFORMATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Digital Quality Measures	dQMs were introduced in the most recent	We are currently receiving information
dQM's	PFS final rule (starting on page 1159 of	now regarding the transition to dQM's
	PDF version of final rule) noting that full	
<b>IMPLEMENTATION DATE 1/1/25</b>	implementation will be expected starting	The link between documentation, coding,
	1/1/2025. dQMs are intended to be	claims, and quality will significantly
	transmitted to CMS via interoperable	increase
	systems – meaning no manual	
	abstraction and no manual upload to a	
	CMS portal. What this does mean is	
	that all our measure level data	
	points must be well known and	
	<b>documented internally</b> so that we are	
	fully aware of what patient level data will	
	be (auto) transmitted to CMS and will be	
	used by them for measure rate	
	calculations	

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### **PROGRAM & SUBMISSIONMEASUREMENT INFORMATIONADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

**References:** 

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## QRDA

Quality Reporting Document Architecture – standard format for reporting eCQM() data in a structured, consistent representation. QRDA() I is used for individual patient data and QRDA III for aggregate patient data.